Annual Evaluation Fiscal Year 2005

Eric L. Daleiden



Evaluation Domains

1. Who Registered?

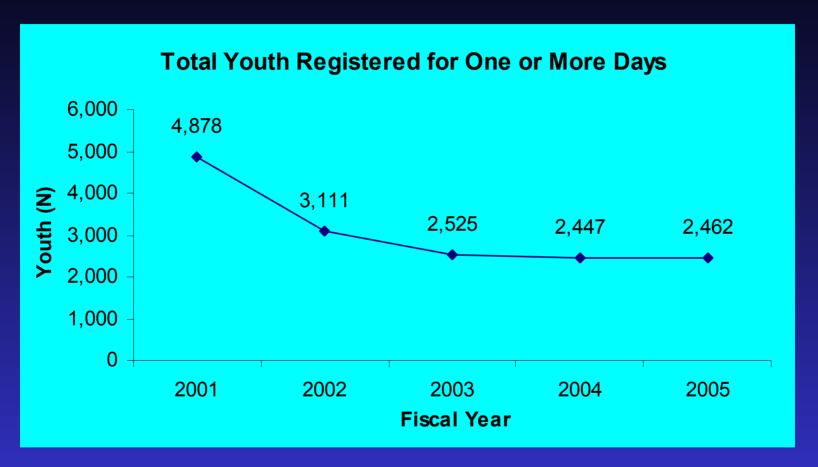
2. How Served?

3. What Results?

Who Registered?

- 1. How many?
- 2. Where were they served?
- 3. What was their gender?
- 4. What was their race and national origin?
- 5. What were their problems?

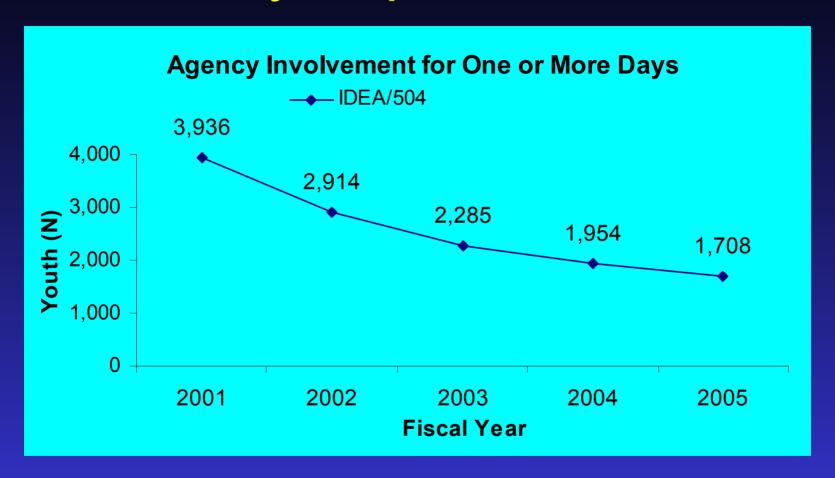
How many?



0.6% Increase from 2004

Excluding DOE transfers & Pervasive Developmental Disorder prior to 2004

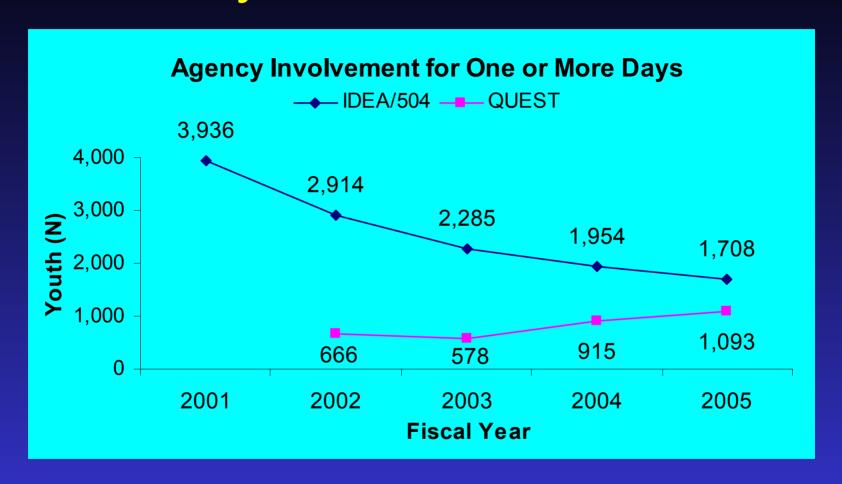
How many? Special Education



Special Education: 11% Decrease



How many? Education and Health

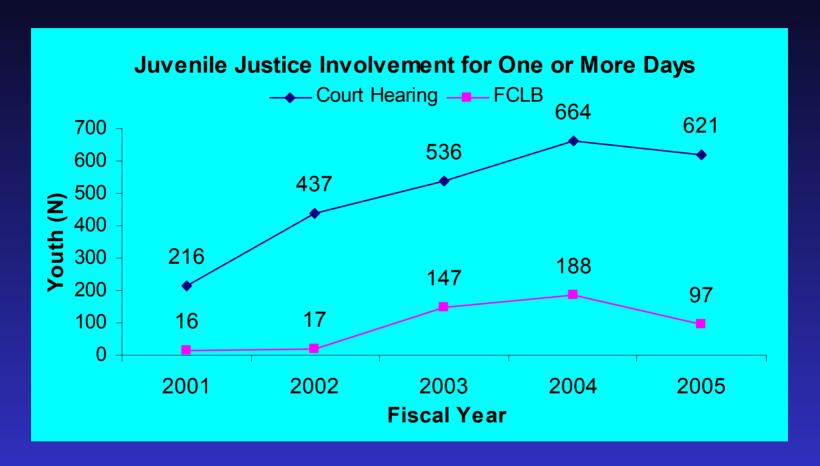


Special Education: 11% Decrease

Health: 19% Increase

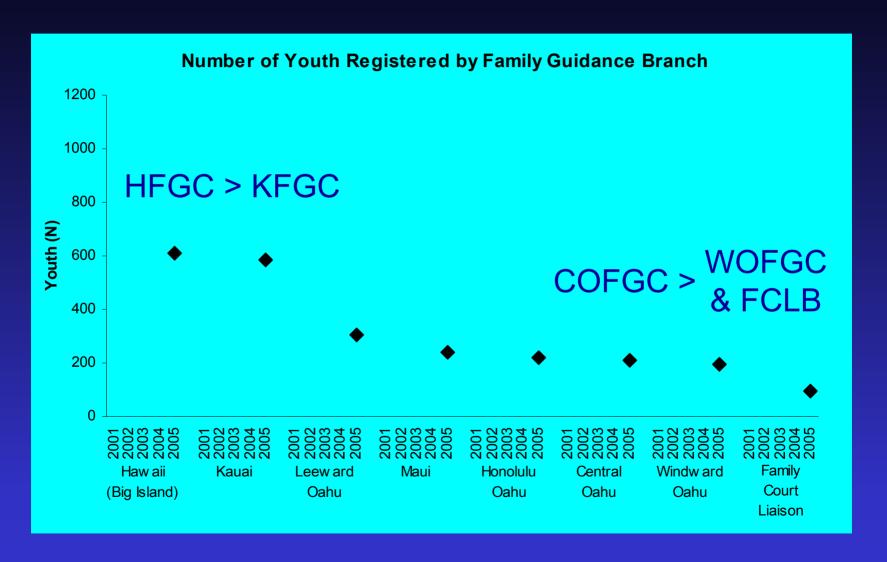


How many? Juvenile Justice

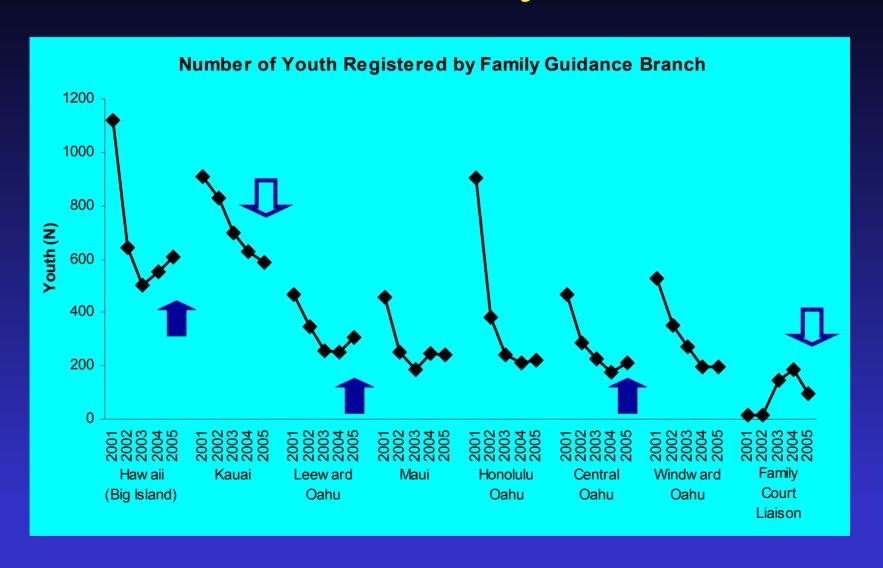


FCLB: 48% Decrease J

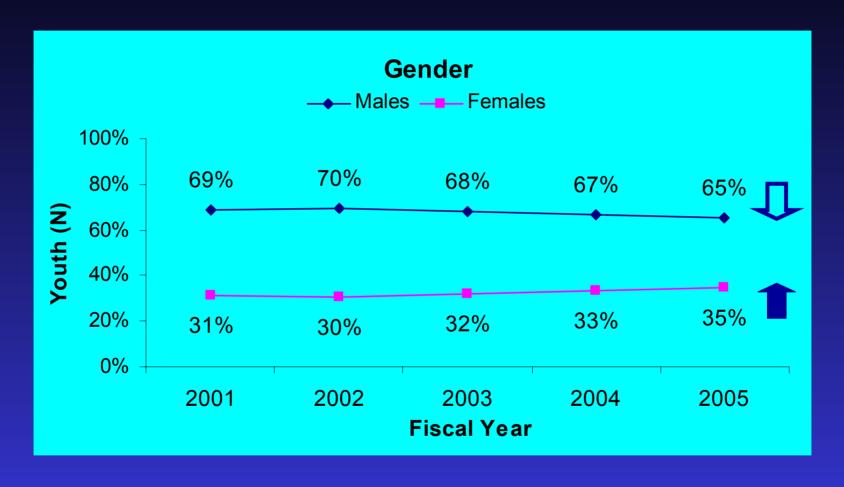
Where were they served?



Where were they served?



What was their gender?



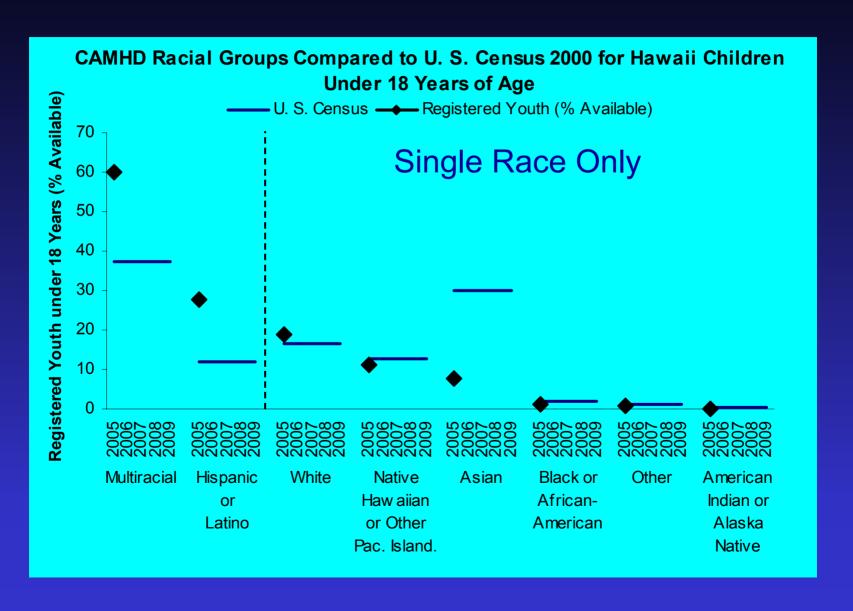
What was their race and national origin?

Data Availability

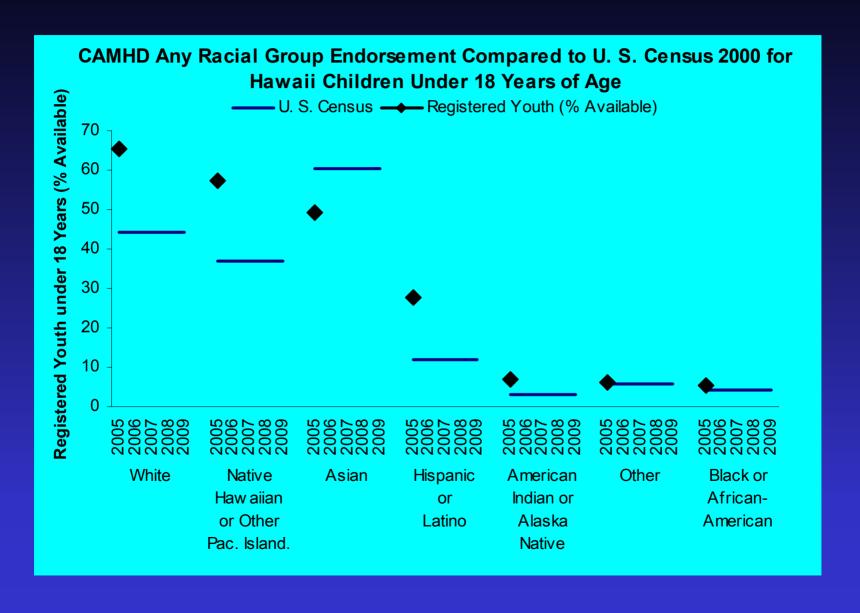
53% for Race

34% for National Origin

What was their race and national origin?



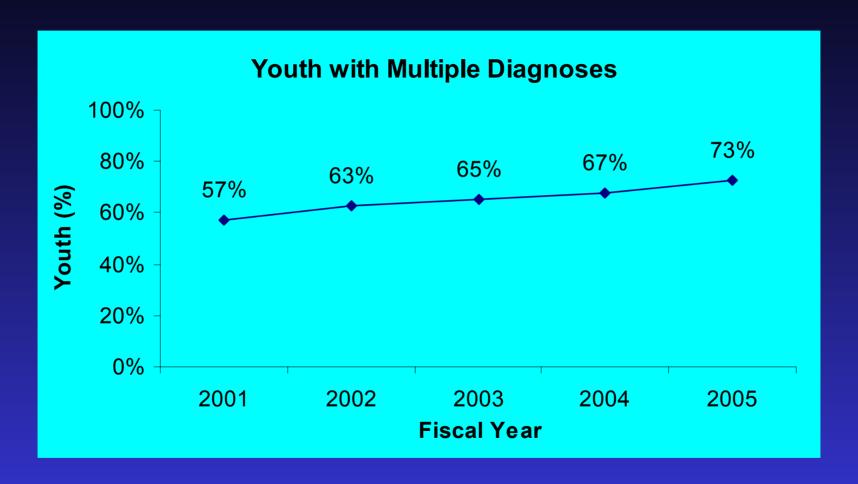
What was their race and national origin?



What were their primary problems?

Primary Diagnosis	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	_
Disruptive Behavior	23%	24%	24%	24%	25%	_
Attentional	27%	25%	26%	29%	24%	
Mood	18%	19%	22%	20%	23%	1
Anxiety	9%	9%	9%	8%	9%	
Adjustment	12%	11%	9%	8%	7%	1
Miscellaneous	7%	6%	5%	5%	5%	
Substance-Related	2%	3%	3%	2%	3%	
Psychotic Spectrum	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	

Did they have multiple problems?

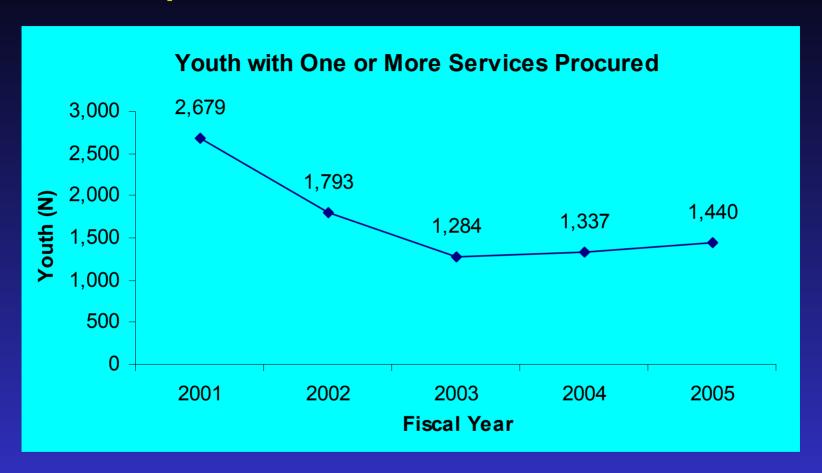


5% Increase (Disruptive Behavior, Substance Use, Mood, Anxiety)

How were they served?

- 1. How much service?
- 2. How much cost?
- 3. How efficient were services?
- 4. Type of services?

Output: How Much Service?

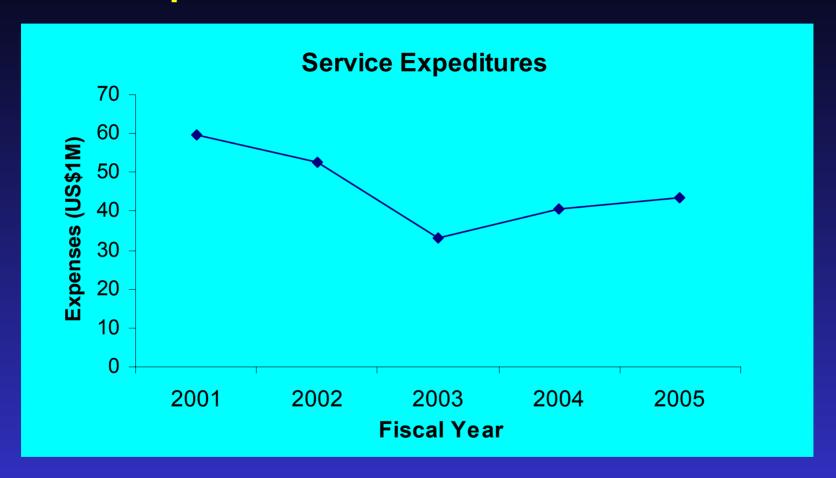




8% Increase from 2004

Excluding DOE transfers & Pervasive Developmental Disorder prior to 2004

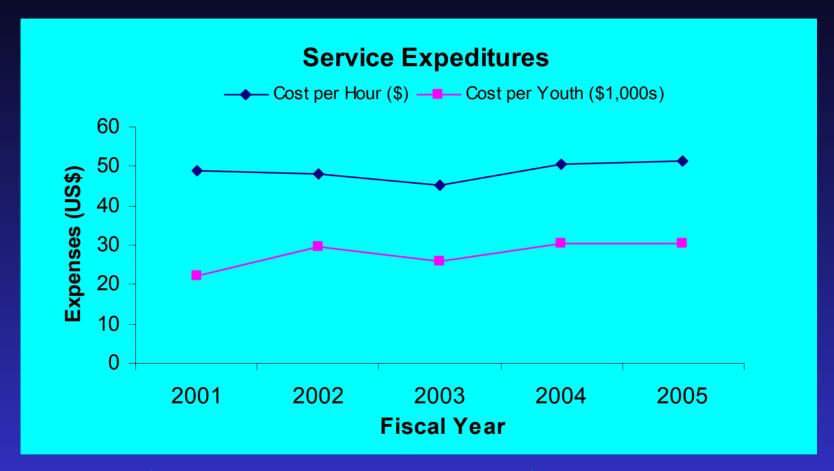
Input: How Much Cost?





7% Increase from 2004

How Efficient Were Services?

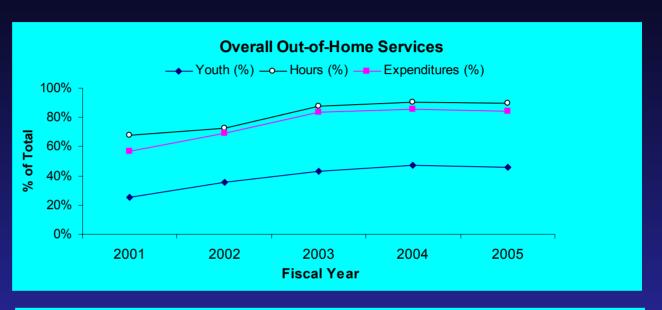


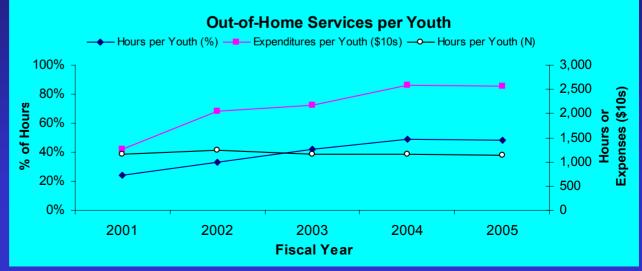
Thus, Increased Output, Increase Input

Similar Efficiency

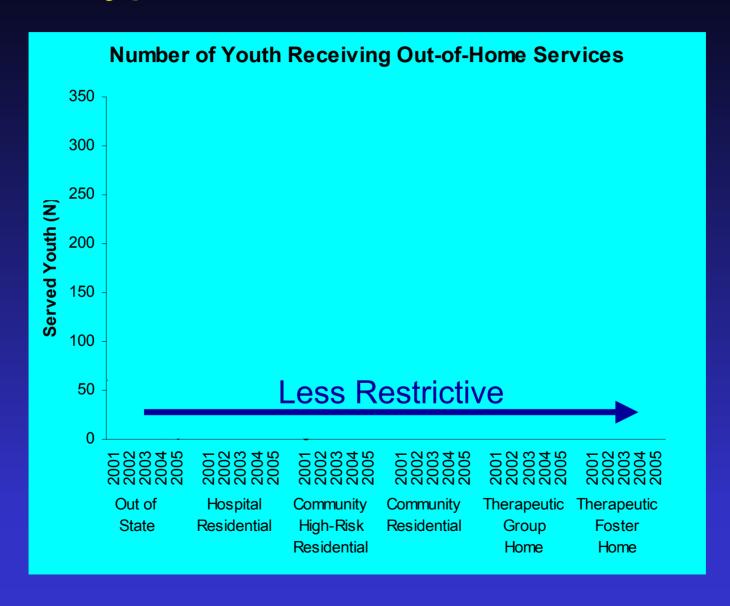
How many out-of-home services?

Various indicators suggest that out-of-home service utilization may be stabilizing

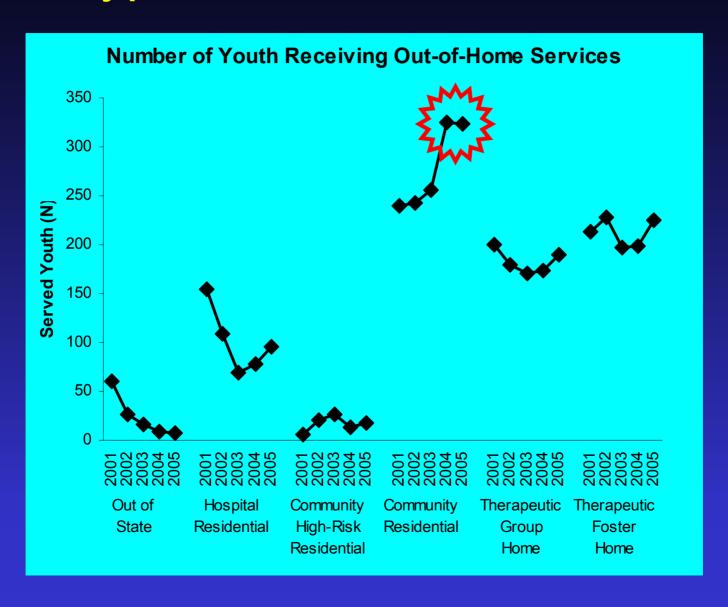




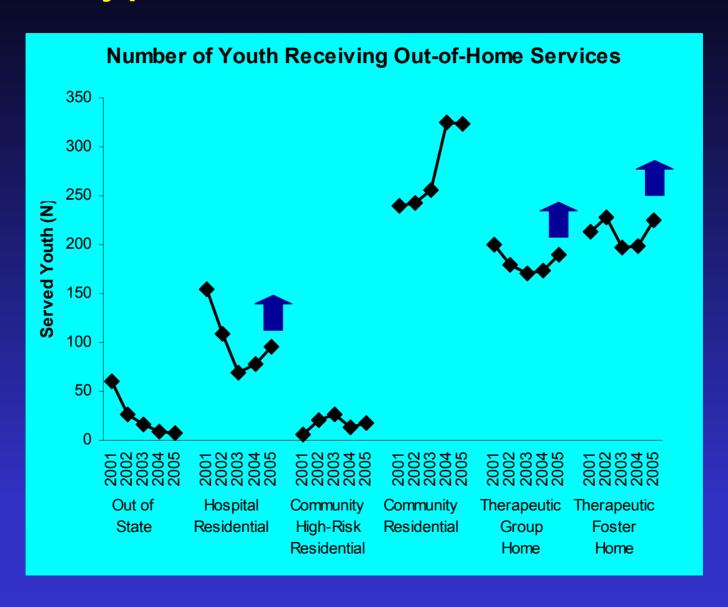
What type of out-of-home services?



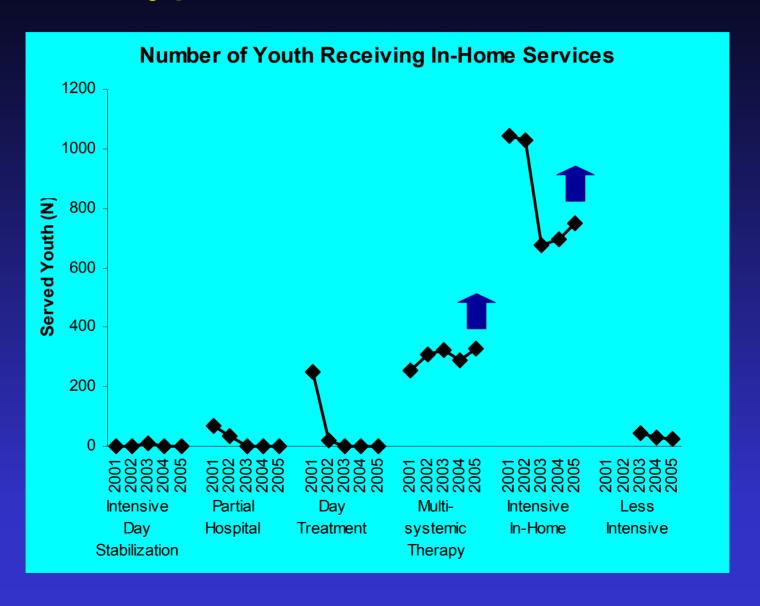
What type of out-of-home services?



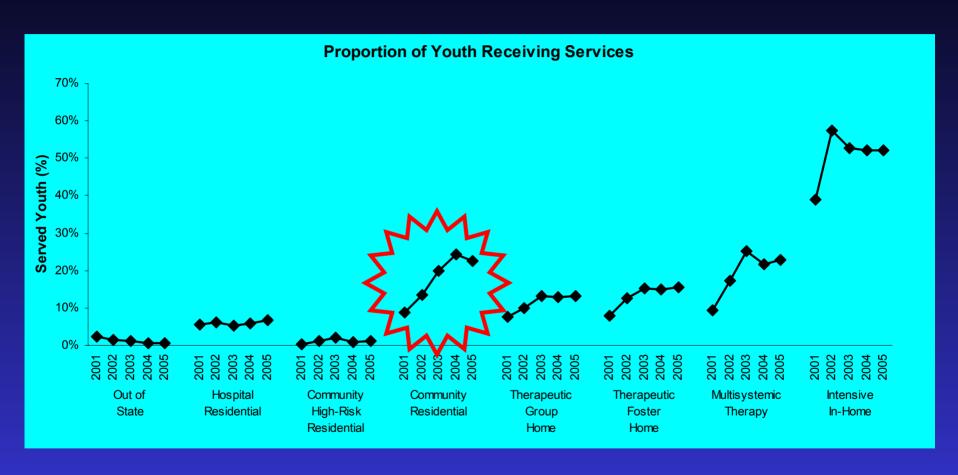
What type of out-of-home services?



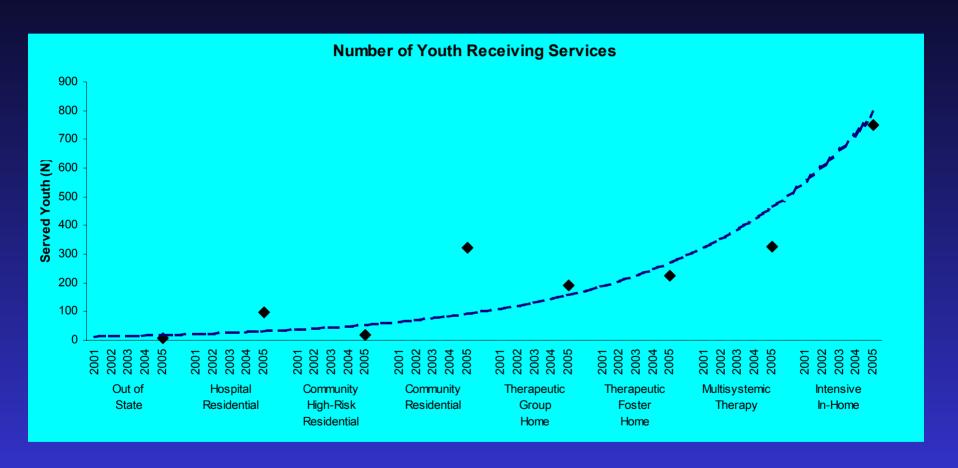
What type of in-home services?



Proportion of Services



Least Restrictive?

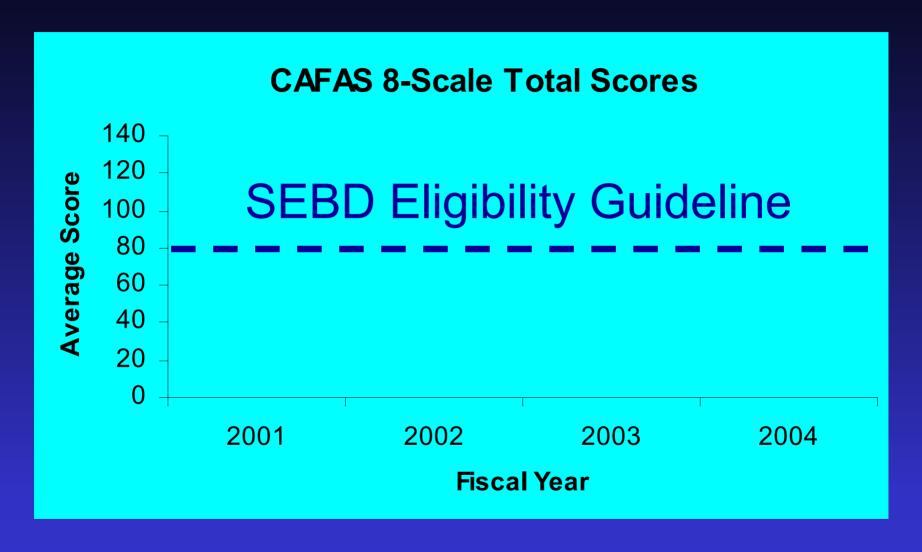


What results were obtained?

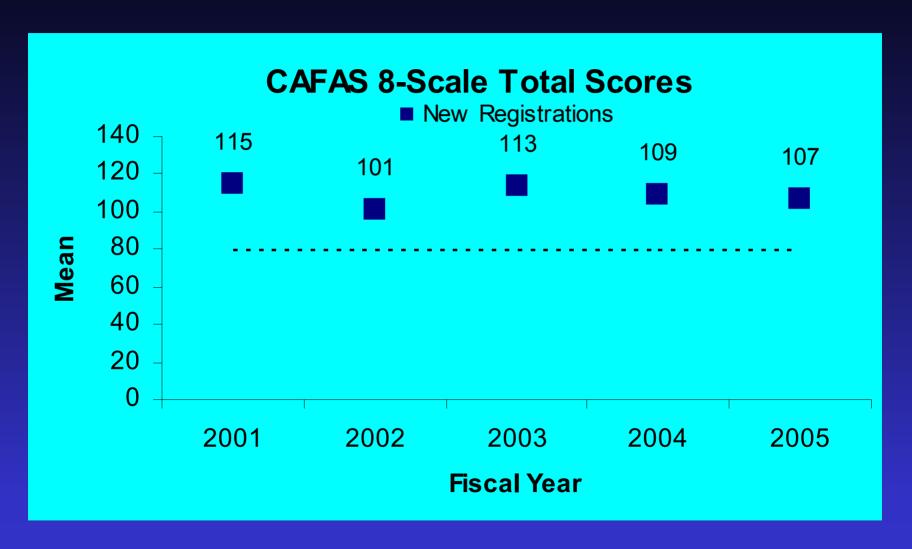
- 1. Youth status at registration?
- 2. Do youth improve with services?
- 3. Has rate of improvement changed over time?

4. What are the improvement rates by type of service?

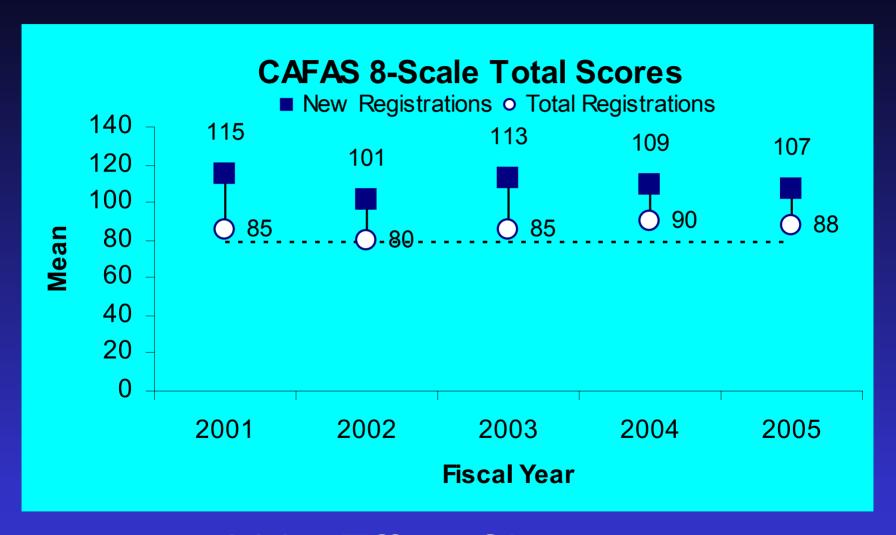
Youth Status at Registration?



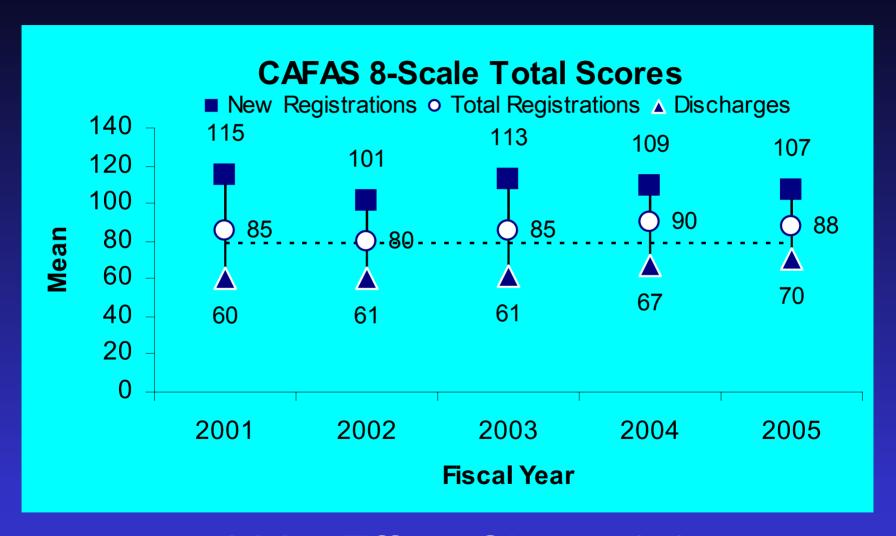
Youth Status at Registration?



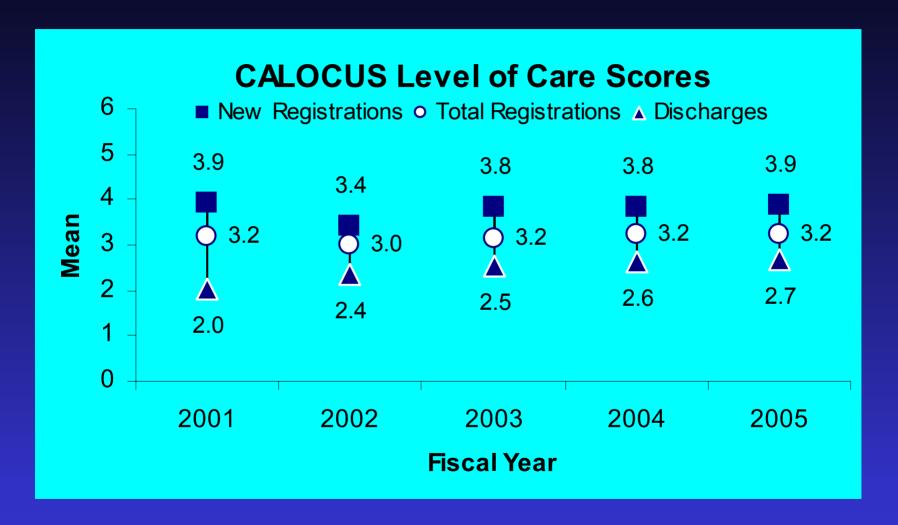
Group Differences



2005 Effect Size = .57

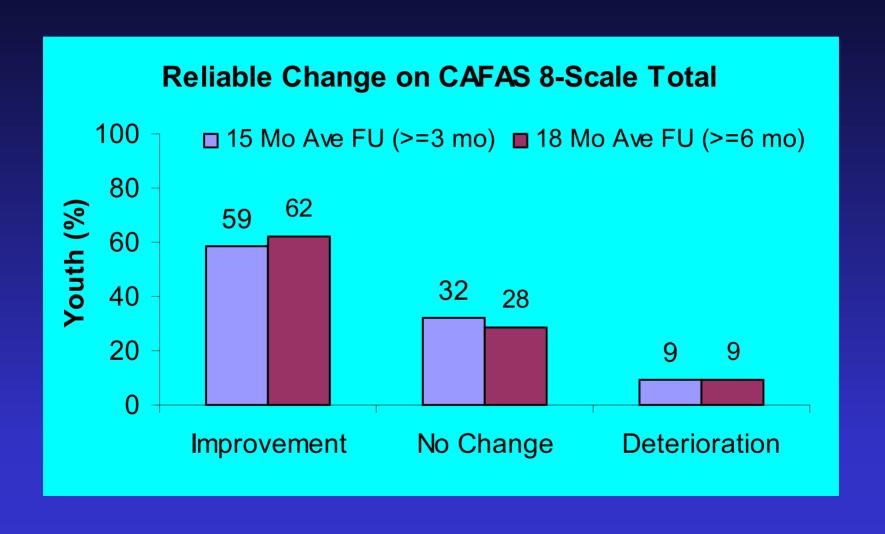


2005 Effect Size = 1.1



2005 Effect Sizes = .49 total, .93 discharge

Individual Change from Baseline to Follow-up

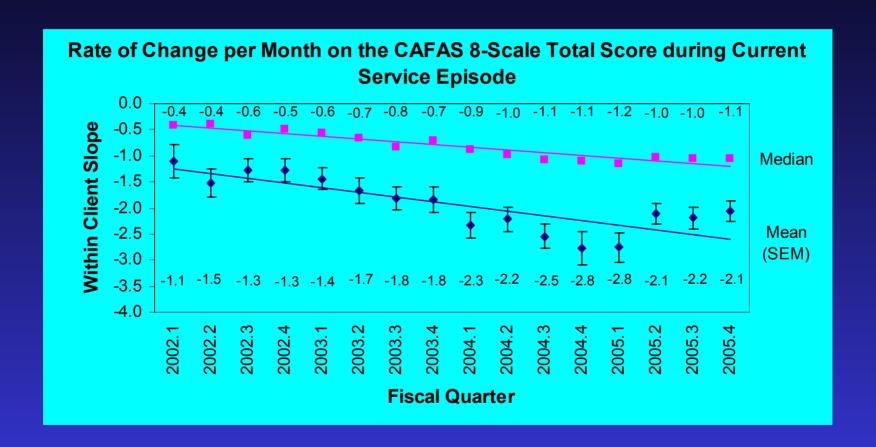


Measure	Average Baseline	15-mo Ave. Follow-up	Effect Size (SD)
CAFAS Total (n = 997)	115	79	1.0
CALOCUS Level (n = 796)	4.0	3.1	0.8

Rate of Improvement?

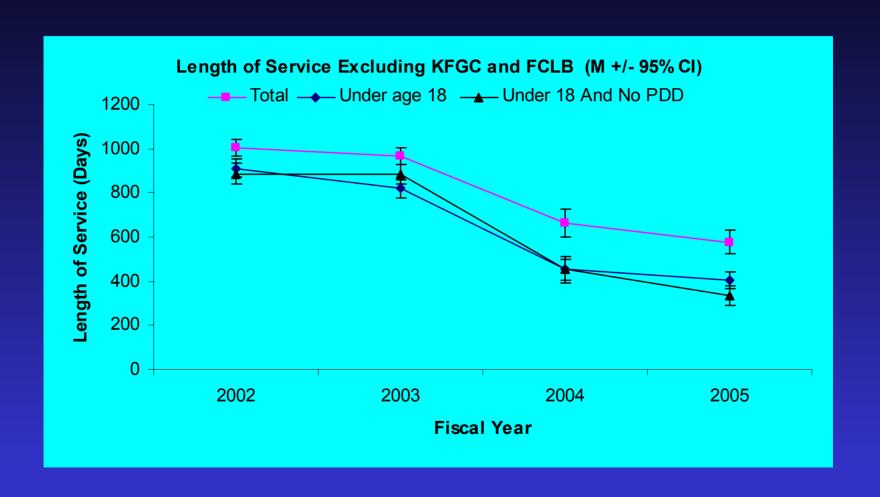
Individual Change During Episode to Point-in-Time

Rate of Improvement?



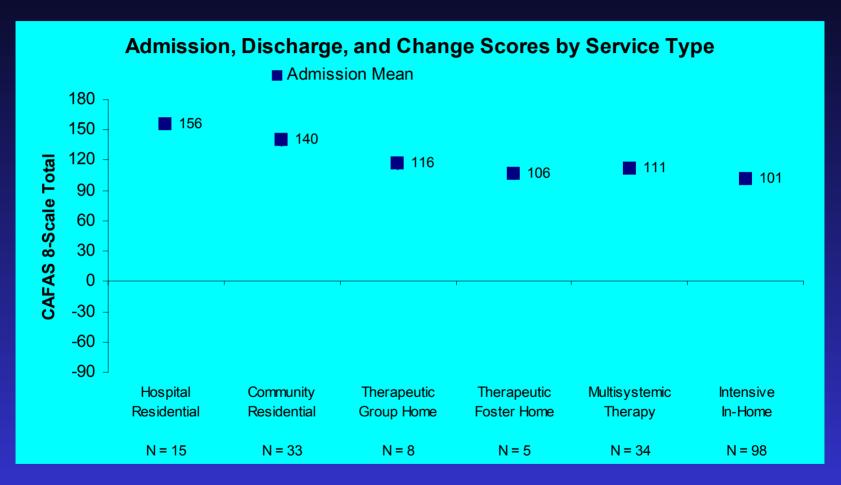
Final Effect Size Change = .06/mo, .74/yr

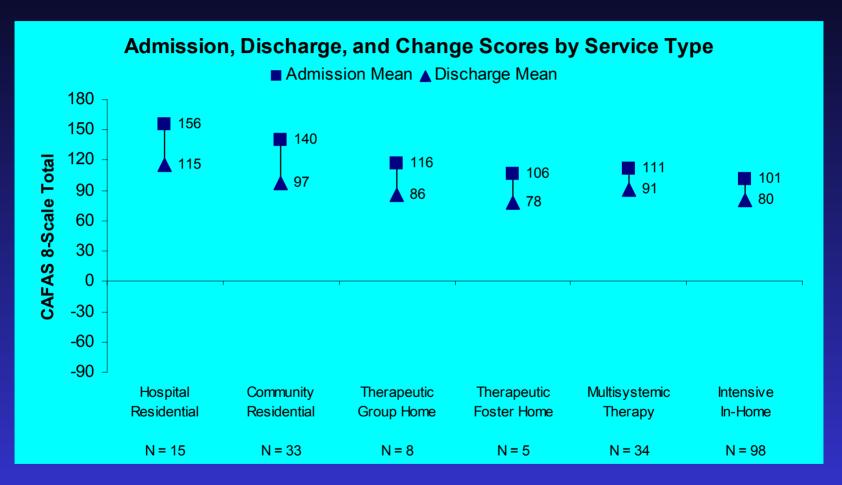
Length of Registration?

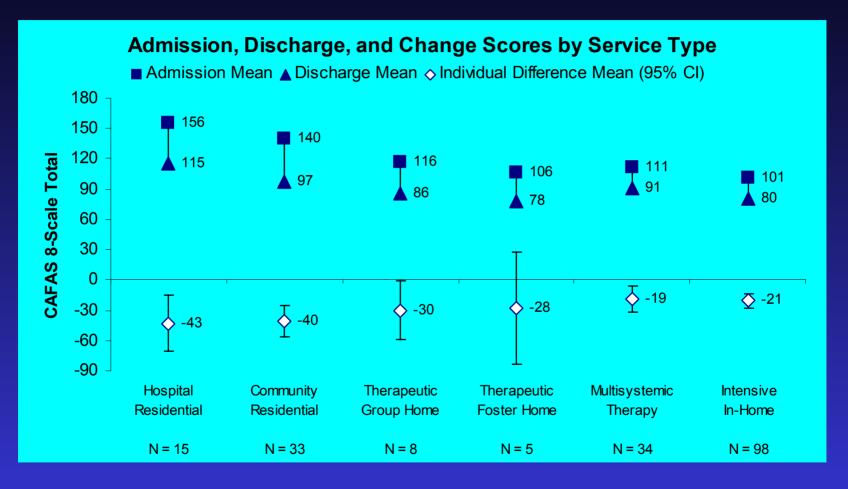


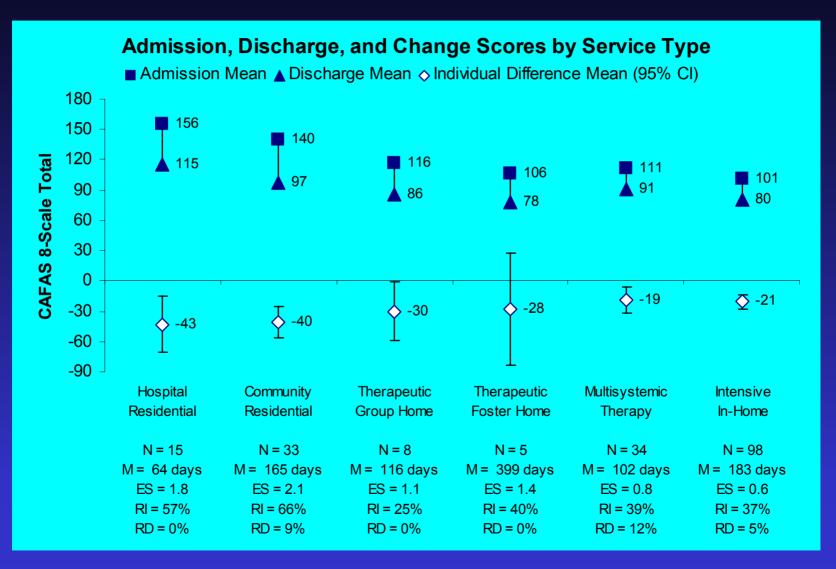
Individual Change from Intake to Discharge

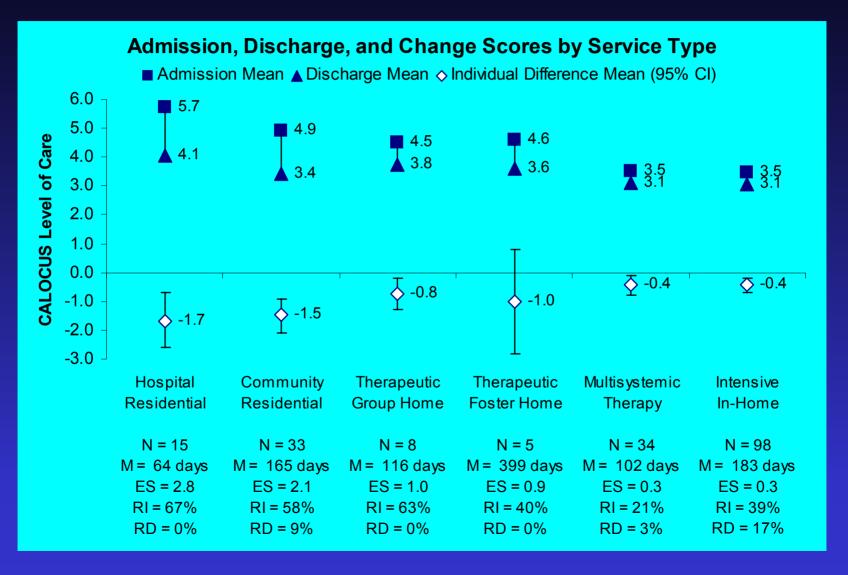
- 1. Youth registered during FY 2003 2004
- 2. Services through FY 2005
- 3. First service received following registration
- 4. Both CAFAS and CALOCUS measured within 30-days of level of care episode start and end



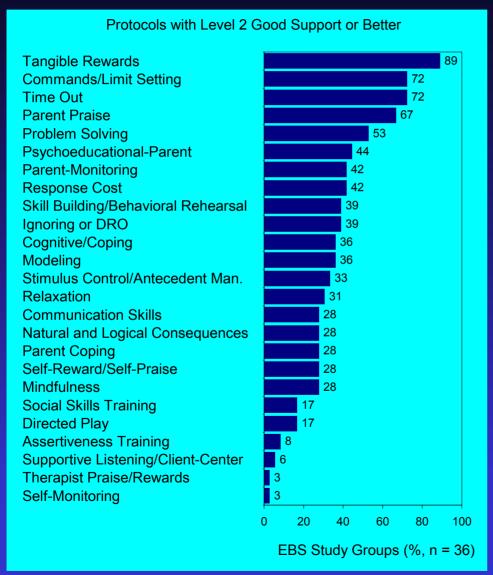






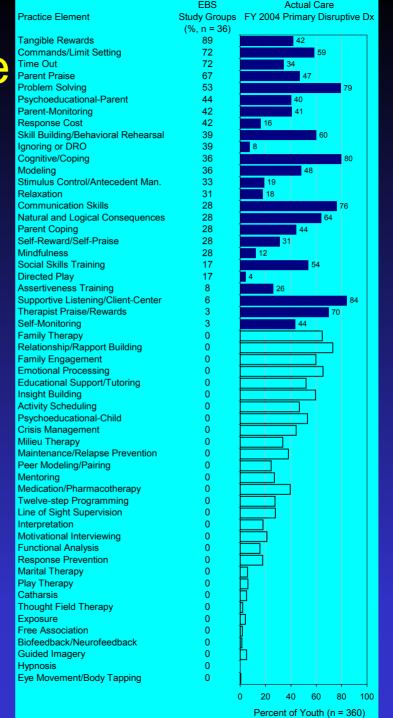


Have Treatment Practices Changed?

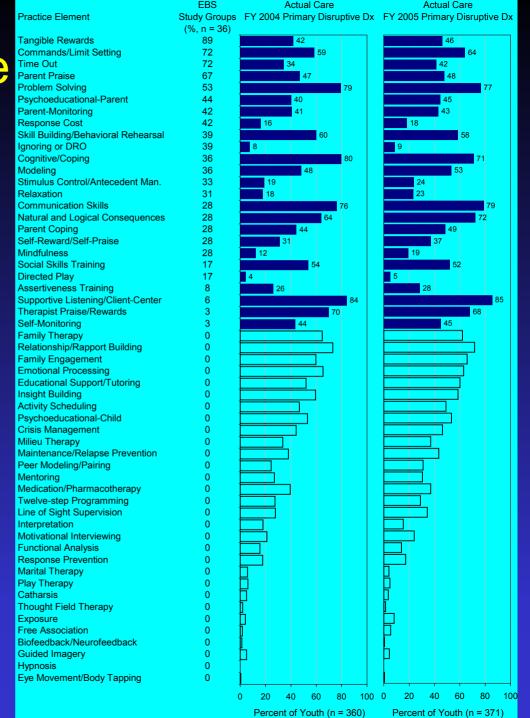


	Average Protocol
N of Practices	8
Ave. Weight per EBS Practice	48%

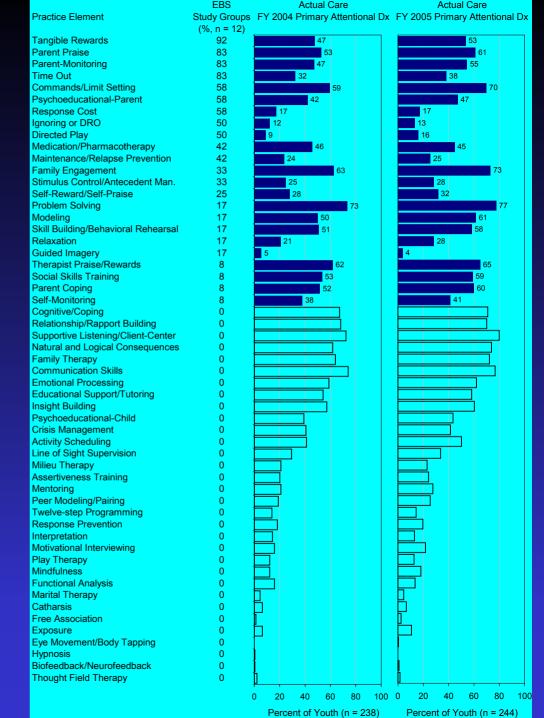
Primary Disruptive Behavior Disorders



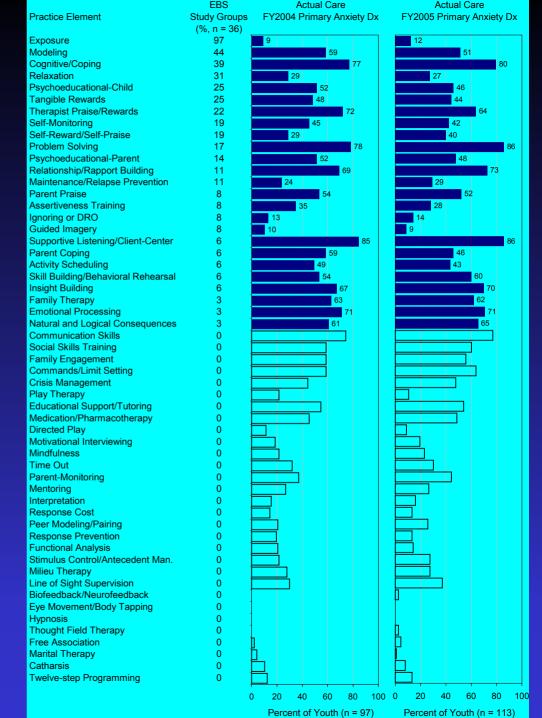
Primary Disruptive Behavior Disorders



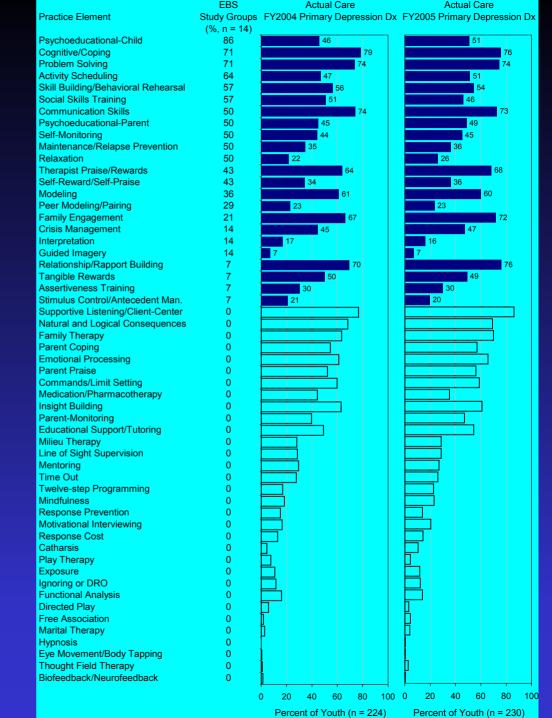
Primary Attention or Hyperactivity Disorders



Primary Anxiety or Avoidant Disorders



Primary Depressed or Withdrawn Disorders



	Ave. N of Practices	Ave. Weight per Practice
Primary Disorder	Ave. EBS Protocol	Ave. EBS Protocol
Anxiety or Avoidant	4 – 5	51%
Attention or Hyperactivity	9	66%
Depressed or Withdrawn	9	54%
Disruptive Behavior	8	48%

	Ave. N of Practices			Ave. Weight per Practice		
Primary Disorder	Ave. EBS Protocol	2004 Average Case	2005 Average Case	Ave. EBS Protocol		
Anxiety or Avoidant	4 – 5	20	20	51%		
Attention or Hyperactivity	9	19	21	66%		
Depressed or Withdrawn	9	20	20	54%		
Disruptive Behavior	8	19	20	48%		

	Ave. N of Practices			Ave. Weight per Practice		
Primary Disorder	Ave. EBS Protocol	2004 Average Case	2005 Average Case	Ave. EBS Protocol	2004 Average Case	2005 Average Case
Anxiety or Avoidant	4 – 5	20	20	51%	9%	9%
Attention or Hyperactivity	9	19	21	66%	18%	18%
Depressed or Withdrawn	9	20	20	54%	22%	22%
Disruptive Behavior	8	19	20	48%	20%	19%

Who We Serve

Population size stabilizing

Population with services procured increasing

Health plan population grew, special education and juvenile justice population declined

Big Island, LOFGC, and COFGC show growth

KFGC and FCLB declined

Who We Serve

Greater proportion of females

Asian representation low relative to Hawaii's population

Hispanic, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and White relatively high

Disruptive behavior now most common diagnosis

Increasing diagnostic comorbidity but type of problems similar

How We Serve

Overall increased input, increased output with similar efficiency

Out-of-home service use stabilized

Community-based residential use stabilized

How evidence-based is actual care?

Little change from prior year

Typically both empirically supported and unsupported practices used in actual care

Actual care is generally less focused than empirically supported protocols

Actual care incorporates less frequently supported practices

Obtaining Results

System basically functioning as designed

Little change from prior year

Average discharge at higher level of impairment